

Panaji, 10th January, 1974 (Pausa 20, 1895)

SERIES I No. 41

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN
AND DIU

Urban Development Department

Corrigendum

3-98-70-LSG

In the Government Notification No. 3-98-70-LSG dated 15th November, 1973 published in Official Gazette No. 34 Series I dated 22nd November, 1973, the comma appearing in line 7 of Clause 1 of the said Notification between the words «Secretariat» and «included» shall be deleted.

By order and in the name of the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

F. A. Figueiredo, Under Secretary (Revenue).

Panaji, 8th January, 1974.

Law and Judiciary Department

Notification

LD/4498/73

The following Central Acts which were recently passed by the Parliament and assented to by the President of India are hereby published for general information of the public.

M. S. Borkar, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 16th November, 1973.

The Payment of Bonus (Amendment) Act, 1973

AN
ACT

further to amend the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title.**— This Act may be called the Payment of Bonus (Amendment) Act, 1973.

2. **Amendment of section 10.**— In section 10 of the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 (hereinafter referred to as the prin- 21 of 1965.

Special Department

Notification

OSD/RRVS/5(b)/71

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, read with the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, letter No. F.7(11)/62-Goa dated 25th July, 1963, the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu is pleased to make the following rules amending the Goa Government Directorate of Industries and Mines, Assistant Geologist Class II non-gazetted post Recruitment Rules, 1971 issued under the Notification of even number dated 21st October, 1971 published in Official Gazette Series I, No. 39 dated 23rd December, 1971 namely:—

1. **Short Title and Commencement.**— (i) These rules may be called the Goa Government, Directorate of Industries and Mines, Assistant Geologist Class II non-gazetted post Recruitment (First amendment) Rules, 1973.

(ii) they shall come into force at once.

2. In the schedule attached to the said Notification:

(a) In column 2 the existing entry may be substituted to read as:—

“4 (four)”

(b) In column 10 the existing entry may be substituted to read as:—

“50% by promotion failing which by transfer on deputation and failing both by direct recruitment;

50% by direct recruitment.”

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

M. K. Bhandare, Under Secretary (Appointments).

Panaji, 28th December, 1973.

principal Act), after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

“(3) The provisions of sub-section (2) shall apply in relation to the payment of minimum bonus by every employer to every employee in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972 as they apply in relation to the payment of minimum bonus in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971 and accordingly for the purposes of such application, the reference to ‘the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971’, or any reference to ‘that accounting year’, in that sub-section shall be construed as a reference to ‘the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972’.”.

3. Amendment of section 13.—In section 13 of the principal Act, in the proviso, for the words and figures “in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971”, the words and figures “in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971 and in respect of the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972” shall be substituted.

4. Amendment of section 19.—In section 19 of the principal Act, after sub-section (7), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

“(8) The provisions of sub-sections (2) to (7) (both inclusive) shall apply in relation to the percentage of the salary or wage of an employee payable (in cash or, as the case may be, partly by remittance for crediting in his provident fund account and partly in cash) by way of bonus under this Act (including section 34) in the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972 as they apply in relation to the percentage of the salary or wage of an employee payable as aforesaid by way of bonus under this Act (including section 34) in the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971 and accordingly for the purposes of such application—

(i) any reference to ‘the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1971’ in sub-sections (2), (3) and (4), shall be construed as a reference to ‘the accounting year commencing on any day in the year 1972’; and

(ii) the reference to ‘sub-section (2) of section 10’ in sub-section (4), shall be construed as a reference to ‘sub-section (3), of section 10’.”.

The Agricultural Refinance Corporation (Amendment) Act, 1973

AN

ACT

further to amend the Agricultural Refinance Corporation Act, 1963.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Agricultural Refinance Corporation (Amendment) Act, 1973.

2. Amendment of section 22.—In section 22 of the Agricultural Refinance Corporation Act, 1963, for sub-section (4), 10 of 1963, the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

“(4) No accommodation shall be granted under clause (a), clause (b) or clause (d) of sub-section (3) to an eligible institution unless it is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Government as to the repayment of principal and payment of interest:

Provided that no such guarantee shall be required in cases in which—

(i) security, to the satisfaction of the Board, is furnished by the eligible institution, or

(ii) the Board, for reasons to be recorded by it in writing, decides that no such security or guarantee is necessary.

Provided further that any sums received by an eligible institution in payment or realisation of loans and advances refinanced either wholly or partly by the Corporation shall, to the extent of the accommodation granted by the Corporation remaining outstanding, be deemed to have been received by the eligible institution in trust for the Corporation, and shall accordingly be paid by such eligible institution to the Corporation:

Provided also that in cases where accommodation has been granted to an eligible institution without obtaining such guarantee or security, all securities held, or which may be held, by such eligible institution, on account of any transaction in respect of which such accommodation has been granted by the Corporation, shall be held by such eligible institution in trust for the Corporation.

(4A) Nothing contained in the second proviso to sub-section (4) shall apply to any accommodation granted by the Corporation before the commencement of the Agricultural Refinance Corporation (Amendment) Act, 1973, to an eligible institution which was not a scheduled bank on the date on which such accommodation was granted.”.

The Appropriation (Railways) No. 3 Act, 1973

AN

ACT

to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the services of the financial year 1972-73 for the purposes of Railways.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Appropriation (Railways) No. 3 Act, 1973.

2. Issue of Rs. 18,000 out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the financial year 1973-74.—From

and out of the Consolidated Fund of India there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of eighteen thousand rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 1973-74, in respect of the services relating to Railways specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. Appropriation.—The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

THE SCHEDULE

(See sections 2 and 3)

1 No. of Vote	2 Services and purposes	3 Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Conso- lidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2	Miscellaneous Expenditure	6,000	...	6,000
14	Construction of New Lines — Capital and Deprecia- tion Reserve Fund ...	7,000	...	7,000
15	Open Lines Works— Capital Depreciation Reserve Fund and Development Fund	5,000	...	5,000
	Total	18,000		18,000

The Employees' Provident Funds and Family Pension Fund (Amendment) Act, 1973

AN ACT

further to amend the Employees' Provident Funds and Family Pension Fund Act, 1952 and to incorporate an explanatory provision connected therewith in section 405 of the Indian Penal Code.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Employees' Provident Funds and Family Pension Fund (Amendment) Act, 1973.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. Amendment of section 8.—In section 8 of the Employees' Provident Funds and Family Pension Fund Act, 1952 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for the words "be recovered by the appropriate Government", the words "be recovered by the Central Provident Fund Commissioner or such other officer

19 of 1952.

as may be authorised by him, by notification in the Official Gazette, in this behalf", shall be substituted.

3. Amendment of section 11.—Section 11 of the principal Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) thereof, and—

(a) in sub-section (1) as so re-numbered, for the words and figures "section 230 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913", the words and figures "section 530 of the Companies Act, 1956" shall be substituted;

7 of 1913.
1 of 1956.

(b) after sub-section (1) as so re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), if any amount is due from an employer in respect of the employee's contribution (deducted from the wages of the employee) for a period of more than six months, the amount so due shall be deemed to be the first charge on the assets of the establishment, and shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, be paid in priority to all other debts."

4. Amendment of section 14.—In section 14 of the principal Act,—

(a) after sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(1A) An employer who contravenes, or makes default in complying with, the provisions of section 6 or clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 17 in so far as it relates to the payment of inspection charges, or paragraph 38 of the Scheme in so far as it relates to the payment of administrative charges, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, but—

(a) which shall not be less than three months in case of default in payment of the employees' contribution which has been deducted by the employer from the employees' wages;

(b) which shall not be less than one month, in any other case;

and shall also be liable to fine which may extend to two thousand rupees:

Provided that the court may, for any adequate and special reasons to be recorded in the judgment, impose a sentence of imprisonment for a lesser term or of fine only in lieu of imprisonment."

(b) in sub-section (2), for the words "The Scheme", the words "Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Scheme" shall be substituted;

(c) sub-section (3) shall be omitted.

5. Insertion of new sections 14AA, 14AB and 14AC.—After section 14A of the principal Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

"14AA. Enhanced punishment in certain cases after previous conviction.—Whoever, having

been convicted by a court of an offence punishable under this Act, the Scheme or the Family Pension Scheme, commits the same offence shall be subject for every such subsequent offence to imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year but which shall not be less than three months and shall also be liable to fine which may extend to four thousand rupees.

14AB. Certain offences to be cognizable.—Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 an offence relating to default in payment of contribution by the employer punishable under this Act shall be cognizable. 5 of 1898.

14AC. Cognizance and trial of offences.—

(1) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act, the Scheme or the Family Pension Scheme except on a report in writing of the facts constituting such offence made with the previous sanction of the Central Provident Fund Commissioner or such other officer as may be authorised by the Central Government by notification in the Official Gazette, in this behalf, by an Inspector appointed under section 13.

(2) No court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or a Magistrate of the first class shall try any offence under this Act or the Scheme or the Family Pension Scheme.”

6. Amendment of section 14B.—In section 14B of the principal Act, —

(a) after the words “contribution to the Fund”, the words “or the Family Pension Fund” shall be inserted;

(b) for the words “the appropriate Government”, the words “the Central Provident Fund Commissioner or such other officer as may be authorised by the Central Government, by notification in the Official Gazette, in this behalf” shall be substituted;

(c) the words “twenty-five per cent. of” shall be omitted;

(d) the following proviso shall be inserted at the end, namely:—

“Provided that before levying and recovering such damages, the employer shall be given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.”

7. Insertion of new section 14C.—After section 14B of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

“14C. Power of court to make orders.—

(1) Where an employer is convicted of an offence of making default in the payment of any contribution to the Fund or the Family Pension Fund or in the transfer of accumulations required to be transferred by him under sub-section (2) of section 15 or sub-section (5) of section 17, the court may, in addition to awarding any punishment, by order in writing require him within a period specified in the order (which the court may, if it thinks fit and on application in that behalf, from time to time, extend), to

pay the amount of contribution or transfer the accumulations, as the case may be, in respect of which the offence was committed.

(2) Where an order is made under sub-section (1), the employer shall not be liable under this Act in respect of the continuation of the offence during the period or extended period, if any, allowed by the court, but if, on the expiry of such period or extended period, as the case may be, the order of the court has not been fully complied with, the employer shall be deemed to have committed a further offence and shall be punished with imprisonment in respect thereof under section 14 and shall also be liable to pay fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for every day after such expiry on which the order has not been complied with.”

8. Insertion of new section 17B.—After section 17A of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

“17B. Liability in case of transfer of establishment.—Where an employer, in relation to an establishment, transfers that establishment in whole or in part, by sale, gift, lease or licence or in any other manner whatsoever, the employer and the person to whom the establishment is so transferred shall jointly and severally be liable to pay the contribution and other sums due from the employer under any provision of this Act or the Scheme or the Family Pension Scheme, as the case may be in respect of the period up to the date of such transfer:

Provided that the liability of the transferee shall be limited to the value of the assets obtained by him by such transfer.”

9. Amendment of Act 45 of 1860.—To section 405 of the Indian Penal Code, the following *Explanation* shall be added, namely:—

“Explanation.—A person, being an employer, who deducts the employee’s contribution from the wages payable to the employee for credit to a Provident Fund or Family Pension Fund established by any law for the time being in force, shall be deemed to have been entrusted with the amount of the contribution so deducted by him and if he makes default in the payment of such contribution to the said Fund in violation of the said law, shall be deemed to have dishonestly used the amount of the said contribution in violation of a direction of law as aforesaid.”

Notification

LD/5234/73

The following three notifications received from the Government of India, Ministry of Industrial Development, Science and Technology, Central Boilers Board, New Delhi, are hereby published for general information of the Public.

M. S. Borkar, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 14th December, 1973.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT
 SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
 (Central Boilers Board)

Notification

New Delhi, the 8th October, 1973

G.S.R. — The following draft of certain regulations further to amend the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, which the Central Boilers Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (5 of 1923), is hereby published, as required by sub-section (1) of Section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration after three months from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft within the period specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Ministry of Industrial Development, Science & Technology, Udyog Bhawan, New Delhi.

DRAFT REGULATIONS

1. These regulations may be called Indian Boilers (Amendment) Regulations, 1973.

2. In the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, after regulation 537, following regulation shall be inserted namely: —

"537A. *Metal Temperature* — The mean metal temperature used to determine the allowable stress shall be furnished by the manufacturer. The following shall be regarded as minimum requirements, subject to the condition that it shall not be taken as less than 250°C.

(a) For shells, drums and other components not designed for heat transfer purposes, may be equal to the maximum temperature of the contained water.

(b) For the components listed below, may be taken to exceed maximum temperature of the contained water by the values given in each case:

(i) Smoke-tubes and pressure parts subjected to similar rates of heat transfer: 25 Deg. C.

(ii) Combustion chambers of the type used in horizontal wet-back boilers, also thin-wall tubes exposed to radiation from flames: 50 Deg. C.

(iii) Rear-tube plates of dry-back boilers: 70 Deg. C.

(iv) Furnaces, fire boxes and pressure parts subjected to the similar rates of heat transfer: 90 Deg. C.

(F. No. 9(29)/69-Boilers)

Sd/-

S. C. DEY

Secretary, Central Boilers Board

New Delhi, the 3rd November, 1973

Notification

The following draft of certain regulations further to amend the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, which the Central Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (5 of 1923), is published, as required by sub-section (1) of Section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration at the end of three months from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette.

2. Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft within the period so specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Ministry of Industrial Development, Science & Technology, Udyog Bhawan, New Delhi.

DRAFT REGULATIONS

1. These regulations may be called the Indian Boilers (Amendment) Regulations, 1973.

2. In the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, after regulation 13, the following regulation shall be inserted namely: —

"13A. Where a Steel plant is not able to designate steel as IS=2002 because of the fact that they have not been able to carry out all the tests required as per IS=2002, the steel plant may supply steel with a certificate in respect of such of those tests as it has been possible for them to carry out indications the tests which it has not been possible for them to conduct in order to get the steel certified as IS=2002. It is open to the manufacturer to take such steel which has the required potentialities of IS=2002, provided he can arrange the remaining tests to be conducted at any of the independent testing laboratories, namely, the National Metallurgical Laboratory, Jamshedpur, the Central Mechanical Engineering Research Institute, Durgapur and the National Test House, Alipur or Sewri.

If the certificates of tests from steel makers and the National Metallurgical Laboratory, Jamshedpur or the Central Mechanical Engineering Research Institute, Durgapur or the National Test House, Alipur or Sewri are furnished as

indicated above, the boiler quality plates shall be accepted by the Inspecting Authorities/Chief Inspector of Boilers of the States".

(F. No. BL-9(44)/71-Boiler)

Sd./-

S. C. DEY

Secretary, Central Boilers Board.

New Delhi, the 9th November, 1973

Notification

G.S.R. — The following draft of certain regulations further to amend the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, which the Central Boilers Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (5 of 1923), is hereby published, as required by sub-section (1) of Section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration after three months from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft within the period so specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Ministry of Industrial Development, Science & Technology, Udyog Bhawan, New Delhi.

DRAFT REGULATIONS

1. These regulations may be called the Indian Boilers (Amendment) Regulations, 1973.

2. In regulation 362, for clause (b), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(b) *External Reinforcement*: If the thickness of the main or branches of a single or multiple branch piece is less than that given by Equation 91-A external reinforcement shall be provided. Such reinforcement may take the form of multiple radial plates of horse shoe form, shoes, collars or other reinforcement approved by the Chief Inspector applied to or around the junction between the branch and the main".

(F. N. BL-9(54)/72-Boilers)

Sd./-

S. C. DEY

Secretary, Central Boilers Board.

Notification

LD/5423/73

The following Central Act which was recently passed by the Parliament and assented to by the

President of India is hereby published for general information of the public.

M. S. Borkar, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 22nd December, 1973.

The Code of Civil Procedure (Amendment) Act, 1973

AN

ACT

further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title.**— This Act may be called the Code of Civil Procedure (Amendment) Act, 1973.

2. **Substitution of new section for section 109.**— For section 109 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 hereinafter referred to as the said Code, the following section shall be substituted, namely:— 5 of 1908

"109. **When appeals lie to the Supreme Court.**— Subject to the provisions in Chapter IV of Part V of the Constitution and such rules as may, from time to time, be made by the Supreme Court regarding appeals from the Court of India, and to the provisions hereinafter contained, an appeal shall lie to the Supreme Court from any judgement, degree or final order in a civil proceeding of a High Court, if the High Court certifies —

(i) that the case involves a substantial question of law of general importance; and

(ii) that in the opinion of the High Court the said question needs to be decided by the Supreme Court."

3. **Omission of section 110.**— Section 110 of the said Code shall be omitted.

4. **Amendment of the First Schedule.**— In the First Schedule to the said Code, —

(1) in Order XLV, —

(a) in rule 3, for sub-rule (1), the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) Every petition shall state the grounds of appeal and pray for a certificate—

(i) that the case involves a substantial question of law of general importance, and

(ii) that in the opinion of the Court the said question needs to be decided by the Supreme Court.";

(b) rules 4 and 5 shall be omitted;

(2) in Appendix G, in Form No. 12, for the portion beginning with the words "TAKE notice" and

ending with the words "the Supreme Court", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"TAKE notice that
has applied to this Court for a certificate—

(i) that the case involves a substantial question of law of general importance, and

(ii) that in the opinion of this Court the said question needs to be decided by the Supreme Court."

Notification

LD/4/CS(JB)/R/73

In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 6 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Civil Service (Judicial Branch) Rules, 1973, the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu in consultation with the Judicial Commissioner hereby makes the following regulations for the conduct of competitive examination for direct recruitment to the Grade II (Junior) of the Goa, Daman and Diu Civil Service (Judicial Branch), namely:—

1. *Conditions of Eligibility:*—No person shall be eligible for appointment to the Grade II (Junior) of the Services unless he—

(1) Is a citizen of India,

(2) Has attained the age of 23 years, and not attained the age of 40 years if he belongs to the Schedule Caste or the Schedule Tribe.

35 years if he does not belong to the Scheduled Castes or the Schedule Tribes,

on the last date fixed for submission of applications.

(3) Is a graduate in law of any University established by law in India,

(4) (a) Is practising in Courts of Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction in India for a period of not less than two years immediately before the last date fixed for the submission of the application by the candidates; or

(b) Is holding any of the posts shown in the Schedule II appended to these regulations the total period of service and the period of practice, if any, together being not less than two years immediately before the last date fixed for submission of the application by the candidate;

Explanation:—If the candidate has served in more than one post included in the said Schedule II, the service in all the posts shall be taken into account for computing the total period of service.

2. *Examination:*—(1) The competitive examination shall be as conducted by the Committee and shall consist of:

(a) Written examination to test the candidates' knowledge of Law.

(b) A viva-voce examination.

(2) The syllabus for the competitive examination shall be as specified in the Schedule I to these regulations.

(3) The candidates eligible for appointment to Grade II (Junior) of the Service shall be determined by the Committee on the basis of the aggregate marks obtained in the written and viva-voce examination.

(4) No candidate who obtains less than forty five percent of the marks in each of the four law papers in the written examination and less than forty five percent of the aggregate marks in the written and viva-voce examination shall be declared to be eligible for appointment to Grade II (Junior) of the service.

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rules (1) and (3), no candidate who obtains less than forty five percent in each of the four law papers in the written examination shall be eligible for viva-voce examination.

3. *Application for competitive examination:*—(1) Application for permission to sit for the competitive examination shall, be invited by advertisement in the newspapers by the Committee and shall be made in a form to be prescribed by the Committee.

(ii) A candidate practising at the Bar shall, along with his application, attach a certificate from the Presiding Officer of the Court in which he is actually practising testifying to his having practiced for not less than two years.

(iii) A candidate, who is serving in any of the posts included in the Schedule II appended to these regulations shall attach a certificate of the Registrar of the Judicial Commissioner's Court, or of the District and Sessions Judge or of the Law Secretary to Government of Goa, Daman and Diu, as the case may be, under whom he is working, testifying to effect that he has served in any one or more of the posts included in Schedule II for not less than two years.

(iv) A candidate shall produce certificate of good character from the Principal of the College or the Institution in which he was last educated or from a gazetted officer or other responsible person not being a relation but who is well acquainted with him in private life.

(v) The candidate shall be required to remit along with the application form a fee of Rs. 50/-. Applications received without such fee shall be rejected. Fee once paid shall not be refunded.

4. *Admission to competitive examination:*—No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a hall ticket granted by the Committee to such of those candidates whose applications are found to be in order by the Committee.

5. *Arrangement for examination:*—(1) The Committee shall be responsible, subject to the provision of these Rules, for all arrangements relating to the conduct of the examination.

(2) The question paper shall be drawn and answers examined by such persons as the Committee appoints.

6. *Prohibition of recommendation etc.*—No recommendation either written or oral, other than those required under these Regulations or provided for in the application form shall be accepted. Any

attempt on the part of the candidate to canvas, support directly or indirectly for his candidature shall disqualify him for appointment.

7. *List of candidates successful in competitive examination:*—The list of names of candidates successful in the competitive examination shall be published in the Goa Gazette by the Committee. The list shall show the names in order of merit. Appointments shall be made of candidates in order in which their names appear in the list.

SCHEDULE I

Syllabus

Paper I

a) Indian Penal Code 1860	Marks	60
b) Registration Act, 1908	>	20
c) Union territories Act, 1963 and Goa, Daman and Diu Civil Courts Act, 1965	>	20

Paper II

a) Civil Procedure Code, 1908	Marks	60
b) Constitution of India	>	30
c) Court Fees Act, 1870	>	10

Paper III

a) Evidence Act, 1872	Marks	50
b) Contract Act, 1872	>	40
c) Stamp Act, 1899	>	10

Paper IV

a) Criminal Procedure Code, 1898	Marks	60
b) Specific Relief Act, 1963	>	20
c) Limitation Act, 1908	>	20

SCHEDULE II

- 1) Assistant Public Prosecutor.
- 2) Superintendent, Law and Judiciary Department, Secretariat Panaji.
- 3) Superintendent, District and Sessions Court, Panaji.
- 4) Assistant Registrar, Judicial Commissioner's Court Panaji.
- 5) Superintendent, Judicial Commissioner's Court, Panaji.
- 6) Superintendent, Legislature Department, Secretariat, Panaji.
- 7) Civil Registrar-cum-Sub-Registrar.
- 8) Research Officer, Legislature Department, Secretariat, Panaji.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

M. S. Borkar, Under Secretary (Law).
Panaji, 3rd January, 1974.